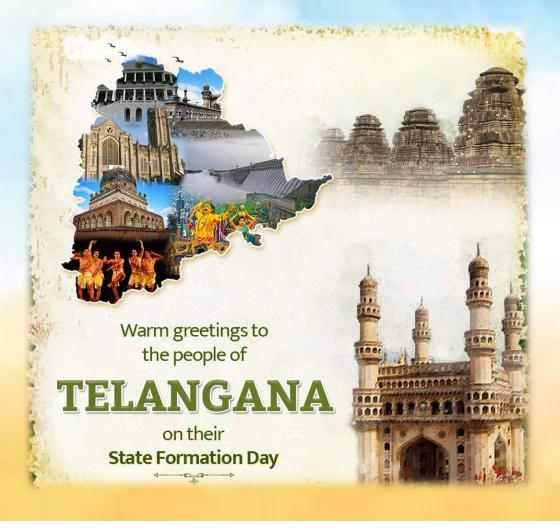


Villa Marie Degree College for Women (Affiliated to Osmania University) Somajiguda, Hyderabad An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Institution





## DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH CELEBRATES TELANGANA FORMATION DAY

On 2<sup>nd</sup> June 2023

### "Reminiscing the Cultural Sites of Capital City"

#### CHARMINAR



The Four Minarets, also known as Charminar, is another monument built by the Qutb Shahi dynasty. There are many folklores about the true origin of this building with some suggesting that the structure was built to mark the end of an extremely deadly Cholera. There's another interesting tale that Charminar was the spot where Qutb Shahi got the first glimpse of his future queen to be Rani Bhagmati. Location: Char Kaman, Ghansi Bazaar

# **QUTUB SHAHI TOMBS**



One of the oldest monuments in the city of Hyderabad is Qutub Shahi Tombs. Built by Sultan Quli, the tombs are located in Ibrahim Bagh and are approximately 850 meters away from Banjara Darwaza of Golconda fort. The structure has mosques and tombs existing during the time of Qutub Shahi Dynasty. The structure of the tombs is influenced by Persian, Pathan, Deccan and Hindu styles. •Location: Fort Rd, Toli Chowki

#### CHOWMAHALLA PALACE



Chowmahalla Palace was the center of authority for the Asaf Jahi dynasty in the 18<sup>th</sup> century and later served as the residence for the Nizams of Hyderabad. The structure consists of two courtyards, a grand darbar hall called Khilwat along with fountains, and gardens covering 12 acres of land.

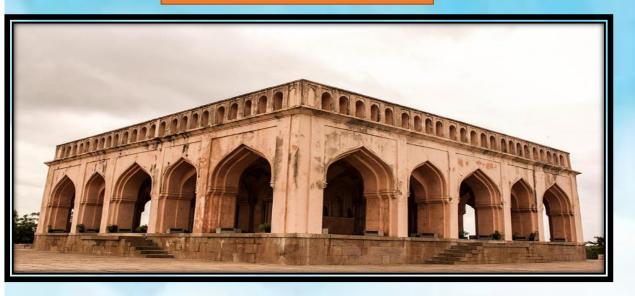
•Location: Khilwat, Motigalli

#### SALAR JUNG MUSEUM



Salar Jung Museum, is one of the largest museums in the world and one of the three National museums in India. The museum has carvings, sculptures, textiles, paintings, clocks, carpets, weaponry, manuscripts, ceramics, furniture, and scriptures.
Every subject has been displayed in a separate space.
Location: Salar Jung Road, Naya Pul,

#### TARAMATI BARADARI



Taramati Baradari is believed to be built in honor of Abdullah Qutb Shah's favorite courtesan Taramati. It is a Persian-style constructed garden and a historical Sarai having 12 doorways. Taramati Baradari has excellent acoustics, and because Taramati dedicated her life to dance and music, several classical music and dance performances are held at the palace. There's a large open theater in the complex as well.

•Location: Ramdev Guda, Ibrahim Bagh

#### **PAIGAH TOMBS**



Spread across an area of 30-40 acres, Paigah Tombs are a marvelous piece of artistry on marble. These tombs belong to the noble families of Paigah who were loyal to Nizams and served as state's people and generals. Each tomb has a unique design with an unique geometric pattern which cannot be seen anywhere else in the world. • Location: Santosh Nagar, Kanchan Bagh

#### SPANISH MOSQUE



Spanish Mosque is also known as the Mosque of the Moors because of the Moorish style of architecture that is not found anywhere else in India. The design of the mosque is inspired by the Cathedral-Mosque of Córdoba in Spain. It has Quranic verses engraved on the walls. The most interesting feature is the spires instead of the usual circular domes that give the mosque a church-like appearance. • Location: Sardar Patel Road, Begumpet

#### FALAKNUMA PALACE



Standing tall on a 2000-foot high hill, Falaknuma Palace meaning "Mirror of the Sky", was built by Nawab Sir Vikar-ul-Umra. Though the construction started in 1884, it took almost 9 years to complete the structure. Built in the shape of a scorpion, the palace has 220 rooms and 22 halls, depicting the luxurious life of Nizams.

• Location: Engine Bowli, Falaknuma

#### **GOLCONDA FORT**



Formerly known as Mankal, Golconda fort was built by Kakatiya Kings and completed by Rani Rudrama and her successor Prataparudra. However, the structure that we see today was renovated by the Sultan Quli Qutb-ul-Mulk from Qutb Shahi dynasty, who chose Golconda to be the center of his governance.

• Location: Khair Complex, Ibrahim Bagh

#### PURANI HAVELI, HYDERABAD



Also known as Haveli Khadeem, Purani Haveli was the official residence of the Nizams. It is a U-shaped complex housing a single-storied building at the center that is influenced by European architecture. The Haveli has a museum that consists of the marvelous collection of keepsakes, presents, souvenirs, miniatures presented to Mir Mehboob Ali Khan, sixth Nizam of Hyderabad. Location: Hyderabad, Telangana

"Our heritage talks about the roots of our <u>CITY</u>."

# THANK YOU